

# ISOLATED RENAL MUCORMYCOSIS

Presenter:

Dr Shivang Sharma MD,DM(Infectious Disease)

Consultant Infectious Disease,Zydus Hospital,Ahmedabad

Ph:9824926728

# 64 yrs old male patient, chronic smoker ,k/c/o COPD, admitted in surgical ward

- With complaints of -
  - **Pain in the right flank region since 7 days**, insidious in onset, gradually progressive in nature, dull aching, non radiating
  - He also had multiple episodes of **vomiting**
  - **Fever for 2 days**, low grade fever, not associated with chills
  - **Past history –**
  - H/o treatment taken from local physician  
for **Rheumatoid arthritis** since 7 years **on oral steroids on/off**

# Vitals at presentation:

- T- 98.4°F,
- PR-110/min
- BP -100/70 mm hg
- RR- 16/minute, SpO<sub>2</sub>- 97 % on air
- O/E – Conscious, oriented to time, place person
- Per Abdomen- soft, non-tender, non distended

# Preliminary Investigations

| <b>Investigations on admission</b>         | <b>Values</b>  |
|--|--|
| CBC- Hb( g/dl)/TLC( cells/cumm)/DLC(%)/PLT | 8.5/ <b>13300</b> /78%/15/6.8/1.2/27200                    |
| CRP  | 81 mg/dl   |
| RBS ( mg/dl)                               | <b>350</b>   |
| KFT ( mg/dl)                               | 35/ <b>1.6</b>   |
| Se. Na/K(mEq/L)                            | 135/3.9  |
| LFT(OT/PT/ALP(u/ml)/T. Bilirubin( g/dl)    | 26/29/116/0.5  |
| Serum Lipase (IU/L)                        | 38   |
| PT/ INR                                    | 19.4/1.6   |
| Urine R/M                                  | <b>Turbid, Protein++,Pus cell 40-45/hpf,RBCs 80-85/hpf</b> |
| USG abdomen: <b>Right bulky kidney</b>     |  |

# Case cont..

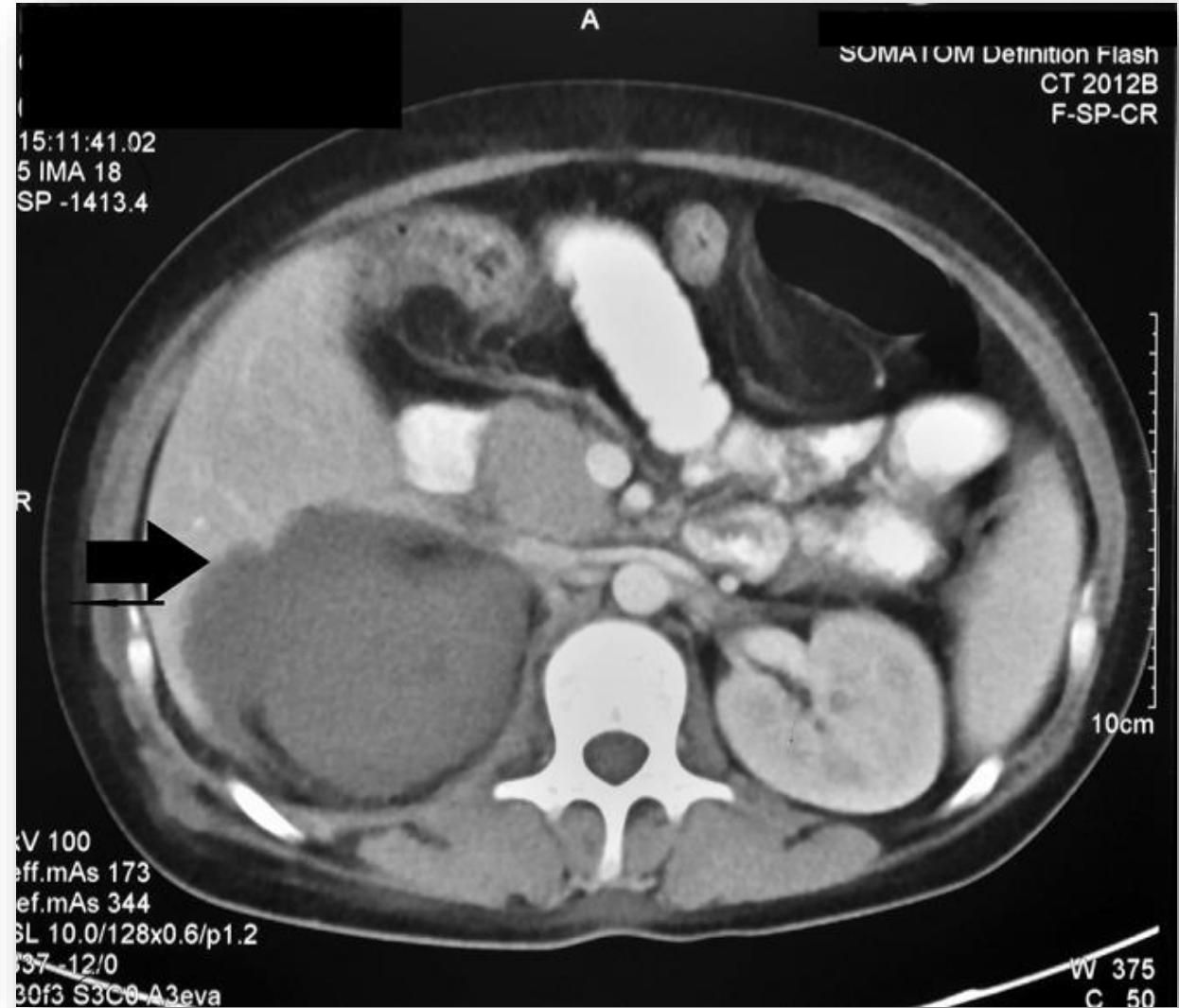
- Considering provisional diagnosis of **Right Pyelonephritis** w- Empirical antibiotic IV Meropenem was started
- But Patient's **clinical condition was deteriorated** even after 48 hours(TLC counts were increased -23,300 cu/mm), so an ID call was sent

# Next Investigations/ diagnostic work-up ?

- Blood cultures
- Urine cultures
- CT Abdomen

# CECT Abdomen

- **Bulky right kidney** with multiple wedge-shaped **hypo-enhancing areas** extending till the periphery of renal cortex –
- **Pyelonephritis** with **renal infarcts** with inflammation extending along renal vessels, ureter, psoas and perinephric space



# D/Ds and further work up?

- **Aggressive Bacterial Infection** ?evolving Renal abscess
- **Fungal** – likely moulds infection-( Urine KOH and Fungal culture)
- **Infective Endocarditis** with secondary Metastatic infection-Rt kidney  
(2d-echo and 3 sets of blood cultures)
- ?Renal Vein Thrombosis with Malignancy



# Further progress in case...

- **All blood culture** sets were ongoing sterile after 48 hours
- **Urine culture-** sterile after 24 hours of incubation
- **2d-Echo-** Normal with No vegetation with EF=60%
- **Urine KOH-** Negative for fungal profiles
- **Urine Fungal Cultures-** awaited

# Case cont...

- Patients further deteriorated – developed hypotension
- What should be done next?
- Considering risk factors, clinical course and CT scan findings- there was a strong suspicion of **renal mould infection**.
- Patient was started on **injection liposomal amphotericin B** ( 5-10 mg/kg/day)

# Algorithm for Approach to a patient with pyelonephritis with renal inarcts not responding with broad-spectrum antibiotics-followed at our institute

- \* Risk factors**
- HSCT/SOT recipients
  - Long term/ High dose Steroid
  - Uncontrolled diabetes

Patient with risk factors\*  
**CECT findings** s/o Enlargement of the kidneys,  
 Multiple low attenuations and nonenhancing areas in the parenchyma

Initiation of Antifungal agent

Next step in management

Renal biopsy for definitive diagnosis  
 (KOH/Fungal culture/ Histopathology)

Upfront nephrectomy

- CT s/o angioinvasion
- Poorly functioning kidney on DTPA
- Hemodynamically unstable

Not S/o Mucormycosis

S/o mucormycosis

Strong clinical suspicion of Mucormycosis &/or  
 With clinical deterioration

# What is next step in management in our case?

Renal biopsy?

Or

Upfront  
Nephrectomy?

patient was hemodynamically unstable

CT s/orenal infarcts likely angio-invasion

On DTPA scan - Poorly functioning Kidney

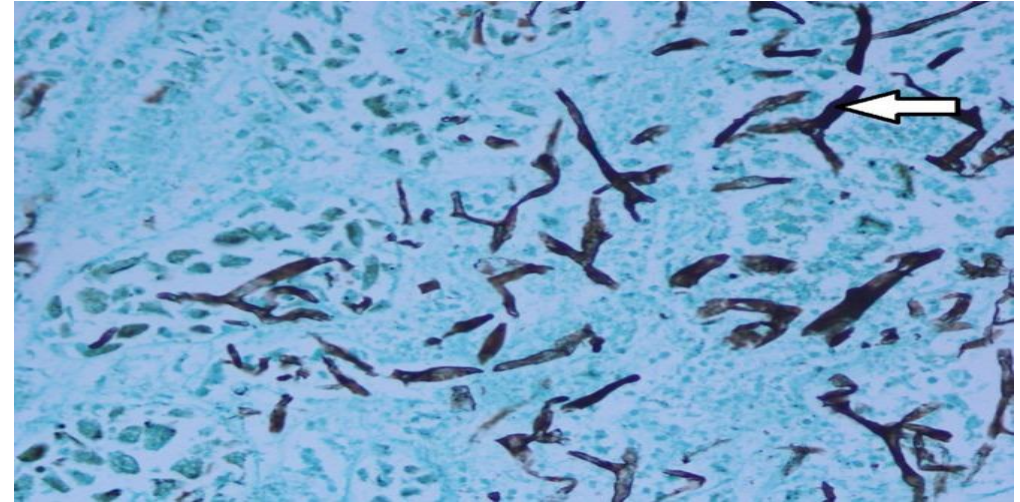
# Case contd..

- Patient was then **transferred to urology** for –**Nephrectomy**
- He was operated on 4th day of admission
- **S<sub>X</sub> - Open Right Simple Nephrectomy**
- Intra op findings- Firm edematous Right kidney/Dense adhesions / **pus filled phlegmon.**

# Microscopic findings- Right Kidney Specimen

## Microscopy:

- Extensively **necrotic** renal parenchyma
- Few thick walled **vessels show angio-invasion** by Fungal profiles
- These were **pauciseptate** and have **broad, ribbon-like foldable hyphae with right angled branching s/o mucormycosis**



# Final Diagnosis

- Right Renal Mucormycosis with multiple right renal infarcts

# In our case..

- What should be the treatment duration for Amphotericin B?  
4-6 Weeks
- Role of Maintenance therapy ?  
Should be given for 3-6 months



Thank You